WHOLE NO. 2114.

AT OUR OLD STAND.

Goods, Millinery, Toys, in fact everything in our store will be sacrificed until we move into our new and well lighted room

150 N. MAIN ST.

(FOX'S Old Stand.)

Saturday is the last day. Come while you have a chance to buy all classes of goods at sacrifice

We will be at 150 N. Main,

GLOBE, 418 E Douglas Av M. B. COHN,

REVERSED.

The Foster Phillips Decision Overruled by Judge Caldwell.

Topska, Kan., enjoined the state authorities of Kansas from prosecuting criminally persons charged with violations of the liquor law of that state. The case afterwards came before Judge Caldwell in this

adequate remedy at law.

Second—Because a court of equity has no jurisdiction to enjoin or otherwise interfere with criminal prosecutions in courts

of law.

Third—Because an act of congress epressly prohibits courts of the United States from enjoining proceedings in the state courts except in cases of bankruptcy.

THE FEDERAL COURT BILL.

Washington, Feb. 18.—Senator Plumb has introduced a bill to divide the state of Kansas into two judicial d'stricts. A bill for the same purpose was introduced in the home a comple of weeks ego by Mr. Turner, of Kansas, and it has since beet favorably reported from the committee on judiciary by Mr. E. B. Taylor, of Ohio. The bill proposes to divide the state into an eastern and western judicial district, the line of division being the western boundaries of the following counties: Kansas into two indicial districts. A bill boundaries of the following counties: Chase, Marshall, Riley, Wabauusee, Morris, Grecowood, Elk and Chautauqua. It is provided that the court in the coastern district shall be held at now appears to come from the present division will cut down their respective fees. A United States marshal is here fees. A United States marshal is here of his pedantry. Frequently he vigorously fighting the measure, and it is understood that Judge Foster has written "the great state of Kansas" has done or a strong protect and forwarded it to n strong protest and forwarded it to Washington, United States District At-torney Ady is also using his influence against the bill.

ward of managers of the Business Men's ction. Some time ago it sent a memorial to congress on the subject, and this was sustained by other memorials of the same kind, including those from the Mer contile Exchange, and has been reported from the Mutual Exchange of this city. It forwarded special letters to Boards of Trade and Chambers of Commerce through-out the United States, asking their co-operation in the new movement. The Syra-cuse board has received favorable replies from a large number of these bodes, and though its members are not as sugnine of speedy results as they were in December last they believe that their labors will yet make an impression upon congress. The government of the new pinton recently took action favorable to the reduction of the letter postage from three cents to two cents within its own boundaries and to the United States. The movement for reducing the rate of ocean postage from five cents to two cents has an active promotor in Mr. Henniker Heaton, a member of the British house of commons, who receitly visited this country in its behalf, rie has examined the whole subject on the control of the production whole subject, and is convinced that the lower rate will be prefitable on account of the enormous growth of letter correspond-nce between Europe and America. He in the establishment of cheap ocean post

A BROKEN BAIL

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Feb. 18.-The north MEMPHIS, 1enn., Feb. 18.—The north-bound limited passenger train on the Illi-nois Central railroad, which left Chicago at 3:30 p. m. yesterday, jumped the track at Medina, Tenn., about 5:30 o'clock this morning. The cars took fire and all were consumed excpt the rear sleeper, which was saved by the timely arrival of a freight train, the excite of which milled it from train, the engine of which pulled it from the burning train. No one was killed, as was at first reported, but the escap from death of all on board was miraculous. Ed Silvertooth, the baggageman, an un-known man and the newsboy were seri-ously injured. onsly injured. The accident was caused by a broken rail.

CO-OPERATION.

CHICAGO, Feb. 18.—A co-operative store on a large scale will be established in this city. The Wage-workers' Co-operative Savings association was incorporated yesterday for that purpose with a capital

KANSAS REFORMERS.

THE REFORMER FOR REVENUE ON DECK AS USUAL.

Provisions of the House Measure to Provide Free Text-Books for Kansas Schools.

Dry Goods, Cloaks, Furnishing Mrs. Lease's Failure to Come Forward and Substantiate Calamity Charges Before the Dynamite Committee.

> An Effort to Again Call up the Carroll Police Bill-Senator Bentley's Bill to Abolish the Sedgwick County Court of Common Pleas-Elder and His Ethnological Museum-State Notes.

pecial Dispatch to the Daily Eagle. TOPERA, Kan., Feb. 18.-Not the least interesting portion of legislation is that which is designed to give somebody a job. Unlike the dryness accompanying imper-sonal law-making, the best kinds of speeches are made on it, the most vigorous two years and the uneven for a term of protestations, and the greatest fund of cient bond of five thousand dollars (85,000) with the secretary of state, and subscribe author for its embellishment and defense. The reason that the author of the bill or measure should be so unusually zealous over it is both natural and palpable. It is not because of a personal pride in the efficacy or ingenuity of the bill (it may be a little on account of this); but the main cause lies in the distant: it will give the author a job. It is not, then, the bills that LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Feb. 18.—Last sum-mer Judges Phillips and Foster, holding the circuit court of the United States at business or legislation, or overturn them entirely, that receive the most jealous and unfingging care, but it is the bill that creates a board or a committee with a per diem salary and high mileage and visions city on final hearing, and be has just filed an opinion sustaining a demurrer to the bills, and has dissolved the injunction abefore granted in the cases. He holds that calendar. The same author may have inbills, and has disselved the before granted in the cases. He holds that the circuit court of the United States has no right to grant the injunction, the following being his reasons for making such the need of civilization is thirsting night and day, and for the lack of which society the verse of destruction. But not is on the verge of destruction. But notwithstanding their weight and import-ance, these are laid aside for the less pretentious but more portentious bill whose principal provision is the "snap" for the author and his friends. It is such a bill that never wants a motion to reconsider or is not assured of a long debate. The bill that is going to dissipate the woes of the world may be lost for the lack of prope study and deliberation; but the bill that forms a place and salary for the author, if it is defeated, is done so after a long and

tend such a measure. But the inference Topeka, Leavenworth and Fori Scott, and in the western division at Larned, Salina, Wichita, Hays City and Garden City. The proposed division, if enacted into law under the provisions of the bell, will necessitate the appointment of a judge and a marshal of the western district and an attories of the section of the legislature after the above four section of the legislature after the after the after the section of the legislature after the after the after the after the after the after district, the present judge and marshal serving for the eastern district and the present attorney serving for the western district. The division of the Kausas district and the present attorney serving for the western district. The division of the Kausas district and the pendigue of the castern to the pendigue of the state school text-book commission may contract for any two of the first four series of text-books nave seen printed and the pendigue of the state school text-book commission may contract for any two of the first four series of text-books nave seen printed and the pendigue of the state school text-books nave seen printed and the pendigue of the state school text-books nave seen printed and the pendigue of the state school text-books nave seen printed and the pendigue of the state school text-books nave seen printed and the pendigue of the state school text-books nave seen printed and the state school text-books nave seen printed and the state school text-book commission may contract for any two of the first four series of text-books nave seen printed and the state school text-book commission may contract for any two of the state school text-books nave seen printed and the state school text-book commission may contract for any two of the state school text-books provided for in section of the state school text-books provided for in section of the state school text-books provided for in section of the state school text-books provided for in section of the state school text-books provided for in section of the state school text-books provided for in section of the state school text-books provided for in section of the state school text-books provided for in section of the state school text-books provided for in section of the state school text-books provided for in section of the state school text-books provided for in section of the state school text-books provided for in section of the state school text-books provided for in section of the state school text-books provided for in section of the state sc er of that mixed element which puts a man in the dual capacity of making laws for the adults of the st-te and disciplining the youthful is not devoid of the characteristics of his craft. His mouth is shaped for true has been urged for several years, and in the dual capacity of making laws for various unsuccessful attempts have been made hererefore to get a bill for the purpose through. The principal opposition low inneres to compare the second of the characteristics of his craft. His mouth is should for talking, and he expounds his faith with an assurance that leaves no doubt

ought to do, that still savors of the schooliouse eloquence that guides the young mind to patriotism and to an understanding of the state seal chalk-drawn on the front black-board. He has had great ex-NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—The question of fixing the rate of letter postage at 1 cent is not likely to be favorably considered by the present congress, but the adoption of that rate has been urged by several influential bodies since the publication of the last report of the postumeter general. The last countries and should be seen and the present and the present and the section of the last report of the postumeter general. The last rate of letter postage at 1 cent is not likely to be favorable to present except and the section of the present countries. ment came along, he jumped aboard and shape his deliberations into laws and his conceptions into practices. His first bill conceptions into practices. His first bill production and transportation, and once was to change the school system from a cach week pay over to the county freastownship to a county jurisdiction; but as urer all money by him received for texttownship to a county jurisdiction; but as

The bill is given below.

It will be seen that the bill provides that there shall be a county superintendent elected in each congressional district by their brother county superintendents. In line with common usage in such matters and out of courtesy, the author of the bill will be selected one of these. It will also

The sum of \$25,000, or as much there shall be a county superintendent their brother county superintendents. In and out of courtesy, the author of the bill will be selected one of these. It will also

Waiving the meritorious and objection-able features of the bill, both of which it possesses, the desire for a public snap overtops all other desiderata to be found held communication on the subject with the postmaster general at Washington and with the Canadian premier at Ottawa. While here be proclaimed his confidence thousands and thousands of old text-books.

see officers a few days ago, so Mrs. Lease outwitted the anti-People's party side of this affair. It was the intention to have Mrs. Lease the very first witness on the stand. She has made this one of the relation to have Mrs. Lease the very first witness on the stand. She has made this one of the relation to have Mrs. Lease the very first witness on the stand. She has made this one of the relation to have Mrs. Lease the very first witness on the stand. She has made this one of the relation to have Mrs. Lease the very first witness on the stand. She has made this one of the relation to have Mrs. Lease the very first witness on the stand. She has made this one of the relation to have Mrs. Lease the very first witness on the stand. She has made this one of the relation to have Mrs. Lease the very first witness on the stand ing themse to sit the people into revolt and spread dissension numon the ranks of the provisions of this act is the provision of the section of the provision set of the section of the provision set of the section of the provision of the section of the section of the provision of the section of the section of the provision of the section of the prov

her on the witness stand first, and, without the help of previous testimony, and under the weight of perjury if sworn falsely, make her show how very littleshe really knew about something she had spoken on so much and so long. But all the plans failed. When the officers went to subpoena her she had fied and no trace of her could be found. It was afterward members requested that it be made a learned that she had left the state. It is special order for Wednesday morning, as said she has gone to Washington. However that may be, it is a clear back down in the matter on Mrs. Lease's part. She will not testify in a case which she has so often declared clearly criminated her enemies. Tuesday afternoon the school bill came up in the house. The bill is as follows:

AN ACT To provide for a uniform series of school text-books, by publication or otherwise, and for the distribution thereof: repeal-ing any act or portion thereof in conflict with this act.

Selt enacted by the legislature of the state of

Section 1. The county superintendent of public instruction of the different counties of each congressional district shall, on the first Tuesday of May, A. D. 1891, meet at the following regional phases, toylic. the first Tuesday of May, A. D. 1891, meet at the following designated places, towit: In the First district, they shall meet at Holton; in the Second district, at Ottawa; in the Third district, at Independence; in the Fourth district, at Emporia; in the Fifth district, at Junction City; in the Sixth district, at Colby; in the Seventh district, at Larned; and shall there select one person by ballot, who shall become a member of the state school text-book commission; and the state superint-indent of public instruction, by virtue of his office. public instruction, by virtue of his office, shall become the chairman thereof. The members of said commission shall be se-lected as follows: the even numbers for performance of the duties of said office. The commission shall first meet at the office of the state superintendent of public instruction on the third Tuesday in May. necessarily and actually employed: Pra-vided, The state superintendent of public instruction shall receive no additional com-pensation other than his regular salary

provided for by law.
Sec. 2. It shall be the duty of the state text book commission to compile or cause to be compiled, or purchase or receive by donation, for use in the common schools in donation, for use in the common schools in the state, a series of school text books of the following description, viz.: One (1) speller, six (6) copy-books, five (5) readers, two (2) arithmetics, one (1) history of the United States, one (1) grammar, one (1) physiology, two (2) geographies. The cost for the compilation of the books shall be upon the most reasonable terms consistent. upon the most reasonable terms consistent with excellence, and shall be approved by a majority of the commission. The state text-book commission shall furnish designs for all cuts and engravings to be used in the above series of text-books.

used in the above series of text-books.

Sec. 3. The state text-book commission shall secure copyrights to all the books that shall be compiled under the provisions of this act, and shall protect said copyrights from all infringements.

Sec. 4. The printing and binding of the text-books provided for in section 2 of this act shall be done by contract let to the lowest responsible bidder, upon a profit not to exceed 20 per cent, based upon the actual cost of labor and material.

Sec. 5. On or before the first day of July, 1891, the county superintendent of public instruction of each county shall ascertain as nearly as possible the number of the different series of text-books that will be required in his county, and add the corruption, the useless and expensive places of the old regime, would appear to threaten even the audacity that would extend such a measure. But the inference is not worth the effort. There are plenty and plenty of instances of legislating the

At the election of county officers Sec. 6. At the election of county officers in 1891 there shall be printed upon all ballots used at said election the following: "For School Text-Books Free," Against School Text-Books Free," If it is found upon canvassing the vote of the election that a majority of the voters of any county or counties have voted "For School Text-Books Free," then all the state text books used in the common schools of said county or counties shall be paid for by the county out of any funds created for such nurpose and the books shall be distributed free of all charge to the schools of the county and and the books shall be distributed free of all charge to the schools of the county and the children thereof. The counties that woted "Against School Text Books Free" shall pay for all books ordered by the county superintendent of public instruction in the same manner as if they fur-nished them free to the schools. The county superintendent shall charge the school districts that may purchase books, or the children thereof, the actual cost of township to a county jurisdiction; but as its reformatory measures did meet with books, taking a receipt therefor. After the approbation of a majority of the Alliance men, it has dropped back out of sight. His second bill came up Tuesday afternoon. It is for the compilation and distribution of state school text-books. The bill is given below.

The bill is given below.

The sum of \$15,000, or as much

Sec. 9. Payment for the printing and binding of school books, as contracted for price of text-books, which is a great need, and it will probably throw out thousands and thousands of old text-books which is a great wrong. It can not be denied that, like many and many a bill of the same ilk, it is planned more for personal aims then public needs.

The Coffsyville dynamite investigation began today. One of the first exploits has the context of the same to be proved by the state superintendent of the auditor of state, who shall issue his warrants therefor, and the board of country to commissioners of the saveral countries.

tempt was made to include superintend ents of schools in cities of the first and second class in the electors with the county superintendent; but one of the Alliance fellows discovered that this would give more power to the cities than the country and the amendment was defeated. After the first section was acted upon, several

they wanted to study the bill. Tuesday, on the third reading and final passage in the house, woman suffrage was defeated. The men who spoke so valiantly a few nights ago, backed out and voted against it. On the motion of Mr. An drews, of Cowley, it will be reconsidered The result was a great surprise.

The senate revision committee's appropriation bill came up also Tuesday afternoon. The boasted reductions in the Alliance are not forthcoming. The bill, as amended by the house, reads as follows: Section 1. The governor shall receive for his services the sum of \$3,000 per annum; his private secretary shall receive for his services the sum of \$1,500 per annum; his executive clerk shall receive for his services the sum of \$1,200 per annum.

Sec. 9. The lightenant governor shall Sec. 2. The lieutenant governor shall receive for his services the sum of \$6\$ per day during the sitting of the legislature, and 15 cents per mile for travel going to and returning from each session of the legislature; he shall also receive for his services as a member of the state board of railroad assessors, and such other duties as are imposed by law, the additional sum of \$500 per annum; and while acting as governor, he shall receive the same salary as the governor.

Sec. 3. The secretary of state shall receive for his services the sum of \$2,000 per Sec. 2. The lieutenant governor shall

Sec. 3. In secretary of state shall re-ceive for his services the sum of \$1,000 per annum; the assistant secretary of state shall receive for his services the sum of \$1,500 per annum; the chief clerk shall re-ceive for his services the sum of \$1,200 per

Sec. 4. The auditor of state shall receive for his services the sum of \$2,000 per annum; the assistant auditor of state shall receive for his services the sum of \$1,500 per annum, the chief clerk shall receive for his services the sum of \$1,200 per an-

Sec. 5. The treasurer of state shall receive for his services the sum of \$2,500 per annum; the assistant state treasurer shall receive for his services the sum of \$1,500 per annum; the chief clerk shall receive for his services the sum of \$1,200 per annum. Sec. 6. The attorney general shall re-ceive for his services the sum of \$2,500 per annum; the assistant attorney general shall receive for his services the sum of \$1,500 per annum, and the chief clerk shall receive for his services the sum of \$1,200

The superintendent of public instruction shall receive for his services the sum of \$2,000 per annum, his assistant shall receive for his services the sum of \$1,300 per annum, and the chief clerk shall eceive for his services the sum of \$1,200

shall receive for his services the sum of \$2,000 per annum, the assistant superin-dent of insurance shall receive for his services the sum of \$1,200 per annum, and the clerk shall receive for his services the sum of \$55 per month for the time he is actually employed as such clerk.

Sec. 9. The warden of the state penitentiary shall receive for his services the

sum of \$1,750 per annum.

Sec. 10. The justices of the supreme court and the supreme court commission-ers shall each receive for their services the

court and the suprements of the Servaces of the Grand Army of the Grand Army of \$3,000 per annum.

Sec. 11. The judges of the district courts shall each receive for their services the sum of \$2,500 per annum.

Sec. 12. The railroad commissioners shall each receive for their services the shall each receive for their services the shall each receive for their services the sum of \$2,000 per annum.

Sec. 12. The railroad commissioners are received to meet the funeral train of General Sherman, en route from New York to St. Louis, and salute the remains as they pass."

All of the commercial exchanges in this city will close at noon to-morrow. The member of the house, receive for his services the sum of 83 for each day that he shall actually preside as such speaker, and in case of his absence or inability to at-

tend the sessions of the house, the speaker pro-tern shall receive such composation. Sec. 14. The chief clerk of the house Sec. 14. The chief cierk of the house of representatives and the secretary of the senate shall each receive, for the time actually employed, the sum of \$5 per day; and all other clerks, sergeant-attains, doorkeepers and their assistants, of the senate and house of representatives, shall each receive for their services the sum of \$2 per day for the time actually employed; the messengers and pages of the senate and house of representatives, shall each receive for their services the senate and house of representatives shall each receive the sum of \$1.50 per day for

cach day actually employed.
See, 15. Neither the senate nor the bouse of representatives shall be authorized to vote any extra allowance to its officers or

employes.
Sec. 16. All fees received by any of the officers mentioned in this act shall be accounted for in a monthly detailed statement to the state treasurer, at which time ment to the state tressurer, at which time all such fees shall be paid into the general fund of the state treasury; the officer to make sworn detailed statement to the anditor of state and take duplicate receipts from the treasurer, one of which he shall retain, and shall deliver the other to the auditor of state, to be filed in his office.

See 17. Chapter minety-ma of the cen-Sec. 17. Chapter ninety one of the general statutes of 1850, being chapter 182 of the hous of 1872, is hereby repealed. Section 18. This act shall take effect and be and remain in force from and after

office, the amount written (\$2,000) was raised to \$2,500 without a dissenting voice. The achool teachers "got in their work" by ent \$30. The warden of the penitentiary had his salary cut off \$250 per annumsome wanted it taken off \$500. One man Templeton, of Geary,) wanted to cut off he salary entirely. ught to work for nothing. The bill was

recommended for passage. At the evening session a large number president of the National Farmers' Alliof bills were introduced by the committee of the woode. Rubic's bill abolishing the be noted that in the Seventh district, Larned is designated as the place of meeting. It would not take a very propriated out of the state treasury for the ing mind to discover that Larned is the provided for. The actual expenses of the provided for Dassage. By the state text-book commission herein provided for. The actual expenses of the provided for Dassage. Dr. Neeley, of Leavenworth, is the author.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FINAL PROGRAM OF THE SHERMAN FUNERAL IN NEW YORK.

The Saint Louis Procession to be Magnificent Military and Civic Pageant.

The President of the Farmers' Alliance Discusses the Probable Effects of Oleveland's Apti-Silver Letter.

Failure of the Knox Banking House at

Topeka, and the American Loan and Trust Company of New York-A Cold-Blooded Murder by Policemen at Havana-Eastern Rivers Slowly Subsiding-Notes. NEW YORK, Feb. 18.-The remains o

Gen. Sherman lay in state at the Sherman residence today. During the morning hundreds of people filed by the casket and looked unon the features of the dead gen eral. As the afternoon passed the line grew in size until it reached for a block up the avenue. It was made up of men, women and children. The rich and the well dressed were sandwiched among the poor and ill-clad. Many old soldiers, some in the uniform of the Grand Army, were unable to restrain their grief. Some would lay a little bunch of violets or a se on the lid of the casket.

At 5:30 the doors were closed and half an our later the street was deserted, save by the policeman on guard and a solitary car riage. At 6 o'clock the family and others

the policeman on guard and a solitary carriage. At 6 o'clock the family and others of the household assembled in the parlor and took their final look at the face of father, brother and friend. Then the undertakers took charge of the remains and casket, the lid was screwed down and will be opened again only to let Thomas Ewing Sherman look upon his father's foatures. The arrangements for the family and immediate friends were completed tonight. They, with the invited officials, will occupy fifty-one carriages. They will ride in the funeral procession behind the pall bearers and ahead of the president. During the evening, ex-President Hayes accepted the invitation of the family to accompany the remains to St. Louis. President Harrison, his cabinet, and his Washdent Harrison, his cabinet, and his Wash-

ington friends, arrived tonight.

New York, Feb. 18.—Secretary Barrett said this merning that the funeral cortege would move as arranged to-morrow, whether the Rev. Thomas Ewing Sherman wat here or not. The police arrangements for the funeral procession were completed to-day. One thousand seven hundred men-have been detailed and a mounted escort of forty-five men will be under command of Sergeant Reveile. They will escort the body to the ferry.

iestic, from Liverpool, arrived to-night.
The Majestic had on board Thomas Ewing Sherman, son of the late General Sherman, and the arrival of the steamer will enable

day next, will be one of the most magnilicant pageants ever seen in this country. The contingent of troops from neighboring states is much larger than had been expected, and the number of those who will participate in rendering the last honors to the departed soldier is being contract to the departed soldier is being contract to the departed soldier is being contract.

The power facts to the morgue and then interved in the 'unknown plat at the camerage intervent with context.

CATLETSHURG, N. C., Feb. 18—The Big Sandy and Ohio rivers are both creating.

The house then proceeded a flow of Columna appropriate intervent in the camera to the departed of the same distribution of the Indian appropriate intervent.

The house then proceeded a flow of Columna appropriate intervent.

The house then proceeded a flow of Columna appropriate intervent.

ors to the departed soldier is being constantly increased.

Department Commander Rassieur, of the Grand Army of the Republic, has received notices from numerous posts in filinois, Kansas Iowa, Wisconsin and Missouri, announcing their intention of participating. Commanders of the Loyal Legion from Kansas and Illinois will be Special Dispaich to the Daily Eagre.

**CATALTSRUHO. N. C., Feb. 18.—The Big d'Aleno and other tribes of Indiana was agreed to.

The bull then was passed. The house then went into committee of the whole (Mr. Allen, of Michigan, in the chair) on the postoffice appropriation bill.

THE SILVER BILL.

THE SILVER BILL.**

WASHINGTON For Libert Washington For the Daily Eagre.

present, and the Ohio commandery will join the funeral party at Cincinnat: The Sons of Veterans of Illinois, Kan-sas, Arkansas, Nebraska, Iowa and Misouri will be represented to the number of

and be and remain in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

None of the sections were amended until the attorney general a salary was reached. As a member of the Alliance holds this have established a rate of one fare for the trict court and was released. round trip; tickets good from Friday to Sunday inclusive. In compliance with a request from Governor Francis, the Mistend the Sherman obsequies in a body. The train will leave the capital at 7 a. m.,

of the winie. Rubic's bill abolishing the court of common pleas of Seigwick county was recommended for passage, as also the abolition of commissioner of elections. A long bill relating to cities of the first class was recommended for passage. Br. Neeley, of Leavenworth, is the aution. Selected and many friends in bis own party in the south and west, and only the fills up all the boles in the government of such cities, and mends the faults that have developed in late years. The bill occupies thirty pages of printed matter.

Special Dispatch to the Daliz Eagla.

TOFERA, Kan, Feb. 18.—The senate this morning passed is alrege number of more of excited any debate, with the exception of No. 164, and that was passed with but five dissenting votes. The following bills were passed:

Senate bill No. 172, an act to prohibit the use of tobacco by persons under the age of its years in public places.

Senate bill No. 183, an act authorizing the form of the came and industrial classes will now an act and no other for the horest money demanded by the farmers and industrial classes will now are not at all states the solution of that reading None excited any debate, with the exception of the farmers and industrial classes will now at the prohibit the use of tobacco by persons under the age of its years in public places.

Senate bill No. 183, an act authorizing claims to be iaid and claims to be iaid

Cleveland will be the Democratic nomines for president in 1802. "Of course there are now many Democrats in the south and west who are inclined to repudiate Mr. Cleveland," he continued. "But through the corrupt manipulations of money and political intrigue he will be forced upon his party. On that point, however, the Allianse people are little concerned, for if he be the nominee of any party he will utterly fail in securing the votes of the industrial organizations of the country. No man will get their votes for president of the United States unless he shall be in accord with them on the measures they seek to promote. To use a measures they seek to promote. To use a popular phrase, Mr. Cleveland has succeeded in placing himselft on the top shelf of the back numbers, and there he will stay, whatever the Democratic party may attempt to do with him."

HEAVY FAILURES. TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 18.—John D. Knox & Co., investment bankers, assigned to-day to Hon. J. H. McAfee. The liabilities will reach \$300,000. Among the items of liabilities are the following: Demand certificates of deposit and open accounts, \$8,000. time interest-bearing certificates of deposit (principally held by eastern parties), \$00,000, deposits for investment made by eastern parties. \$55,000. The remade by eastern parties, \$50,000. The re-mainder of the liabilities are discounts with other banks (all of which are secured with good collaterals), \$50,000; unpaid in-

with good collaterals), \$30,000; unpaid interest coupons, etc.

The assets are principally lands, equities, unpaid coupons, bills discounted, tax-sale certificates, etc. The total value of the assets cannot definitely be determined; but Mr. Knox claims that at a fair valuation the assets aggregate \$450,000. That, however, depends solely upon the prices realized upon real properties. The heaviest creditor is the trustees of the New York conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, for \$30,000.

New Yong, Feb. 18.—The American Loan and Trust company suspended today, and the bank examiner is in charge of the institution. He says the assets are about \$2,168.0.0, and the liabilities about \$2,200.000. He says further that the concern is in comparatively good shape and will prob-ably resume business shortly.

MURDERED BY OFFICERS.

MURDERED BY OFFICERS.

New Yorks, Feb. 18.—A letter reached this city last night, dated at Havana, Cuba, on the lith lastant, which gives an account of a cold-blooded murder by the government on the 7th instant. About a week ago a band of robbers headed by Domingo Montelongo, were captured by the police. The robbers were promised that if they would leave the country the government would see that they did not run any risk in doing so. After some hesitation, the robbers agreed to leave the island. Montelongo was allowed to select the friends whom he desired to accompany him. He selected Eulogio Rivero, Perloo Rivero, Juan Roja and Francisco Del Gado. Eulogio Rivero's young wife and child also accompanied them.

About 4 o'clock the party boarded the steamer Baldomero Yolesius, which was to take them to Venezuela, in South America. Mrs. Rivero went limmediately to the cabin and put her baby to sleep. The men remained on deek and smoked. About an hour before the party had arrived, the ship inspector and a party of fifteen policemen boarded the vessel and divided into two parties and secreted themselves on the vessel. When the robbers started to go to the cabin they were fired upon by the police. Perico Rivero fell, riddled with builets. Juan Roja had a litou 3 of dations.

Mr. Powete., prin ment of it was more accounted by the police and the reached by the ment of the providence.

started to go to the cabin they were fired upon by the police. Perico Rivero feil, and a factor of forty-five men will be under command of Sergennt Reveile. They will escort the body to the ferry.

General Venzey, the commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, has issued the following order:

"All posts of the Grand Army of the Republic are ordered to meet the funeral train of General Sherman, an route from New York to St. Louis, and salute the remains as they pass."

All of the commercial exchanges in this city will close at noon to-morrow. The city, state, and United States courts will hold no se-ssions.

New YORE, Feb. 18.—The steamer Many of the sergent of the success of the success of the findian race. The vote resulted: Yeas, 21; nays, 22—lacking one of a quorum. The city state, and United States courts will hold no se-ssions.

New YORE, Feb. 18.—The steamer Many of the sergent of the senate of the senate re-assembled, there were bodd in the denunciations of the action of the government. The cofficials say that it was the surveyt way of getting rid of a band of bodd not serveral vain attempts to secure a quorum, Mr. Edmunds moved to strike out accounts of the substitute, which he did desperate fighting, but was soon killed. Mrs. Rivero of the allowance of any claim made by Indians on the unsupported testimony of dians on the unsupported testimony of the robbers dropped over the side of the vessel and attempted to escape in a boost, but were discovered and shot dead in the state of the passengers on the state of the passengers are bold in the passenge

RECEDING RIVERS.

found that the foundations of many houses are undermined and loosened, thus entailing great loss. The bones of a flood victim were found at the point today, having been washed up by the waters

COLDWATER, Kan., Feb. 18.-About 5 p. m. yesteriay N. S. Mounts, editor of the People's Advocate, was arrested, charged with maliciously libeling H. O. Holderly, o'clock on that day. The resolution was treasurer of Community Mounts adopted after a long wrangle, by unanithe companies of infantry arrived here its afternoon from Fort Leavenworth, and They came in advance of the reembezzing funds belonging to Parlin &
If the program agreed upon to-day by

request from Governor Francis, the Missouri Pacific railroad will run a special train from Jefferson City, Mo. to St. Louis on Saturday for the accomplation of the members of the legislature, who will attend the Sherman obsequies in a body. The train will leave the capital at 7 a.m., reaching here at 10-30.

POLK ON CLEVELAND.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18—Col. I. I. Polk. president of the National Farmers' Alliance, has just returned from a triptinough the south and west. He says the inembers of his organization do not approve of Mr. Cleveland's recent letter on the silver

WASHINGTON.

PASSAGE OF THE COPYRIGHT BILL BY THE SENATE.

The Annual Indian Appropriation Bill Passed by the

House.

The Program of the House Coinage Committee to Allow the Silver Bill to be Defeated - Executive Non-Action.

A Resolution Offered in the House to Prevent National Banks from Discrediting the Currency of the Country. The Ingails Vacancy in the Senate - Speaker Reed Unwell-The President in New York. Capital Notes.

Washington, Feb. 18.—The senate bill outliming to the Kansas Central Railroad company the right of way on the Fort Leavenworth military reservation was reported and placed on the calendar. The copyright bill having been taken up as the unfinished business, Mr. Platt

as the unfinished business. Mr. Plats yielded to allow some pension bills on the calendar to be passed. Some dozen pension bills were passed. Including bills increasing the pensions of the widows of Gen. Custer, Admiral Wilkes and Gen. Daniel Ullman to \$100 per month.

The copyright bill was again taken up, the pending question being on the Sherman amendment as offered yesterday by Mr. Power—to admit copyrighted hooks, etc., printed in foreign countries, on payment of the tariff duty.

It was agreed to—yeas, 35; nays, 24.

Mr. Frye renewed the amendment here tofore offered by him (adopted in committee of the whole and disagreed to in the senate), requiring maps, dramatic or musical compositions, engraving cuts, prints, cial compositions, engraving cuts, prints, photographs, chromos, or lithographs, to be printed from plates executed in the United

tates.
The amendment was agreed to—yeas, 41; nays, 24.

Mr. Ingails moved to strike out of section 3 the provision allowing the publisher of a newspaper or magazine to import two copies of any newspaper or magazine published in a foreign country, and to insert in lieu thereof the following: "And except in the case of newspapers and periodicals, which are hereby exempted from prohibition of importation." Agreed to without distinct

The vote was taken on the passage of the bill; and the bill was passed—yeas, 98,

nays, 14.

The senate then proceeded to the consideration of the substitute for the house bill to provide for the adjudication and payment of claims arising from Indian depre-

surest way of getting rid of a band of bold | majority of the senators evidently did not care to transact business. He, therefore moved an adjournment, and the senate

Sherman, son of the late General Sherman, and the arrival of the steamer will enable him to take part in his father's obsequies in this city.

Rev. T. E. Sherman arrived at his father's late home at 2 o'clock this morning.

AT ST. LOUIS.

St. LOUIS. Feb. 18.—The display at the funeral of Gen. W. T. Sherman, on Saturfaner's late home of the most magnification of the most magnifica

A conference was ordered on the District a conservace was ordered on the District of Columbia appropriation bill.

The house then proceeded with the consideration of the Indian appropriation bill. The amendment to carry into effect the allotment agreement with the Court

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.-The house coin with embezzling county funds also, with embezzling funds belonging to Parlin & Orendorf, of Kansas City. Mo He was arrested for making the latter charge. He gave bond for his appearance at the district court and was released.

THE ILLINOIS STRUGGLE.

Symmogram, agreed upon to-day by the house coinage committee to govern its action upon the senate bill is carried out, it will make it impossible to pease that bill a second time if the president declines either to approve or disapprove it. The period of time between 1 o clock Friday and moon of March 4 is just one hour less than the period of ten days exclusive of Sunday, that the president is permitted to keep a bill without returning its mitted to keep a bill without returning it

THE INGALLS VACANCY. Washington, Feb. 18.—The subject of the election of a successor to Senator In-galls, who retires from the senate March I, as president protein, is being privately d, as president pro tem, is being privately discussed among the Republican senators. It will be become any to arrange this matter before the 4th of March, in order to guard against a vacancy in the presiding officer's chair after that date. A caucus of Republican senators will be held, probably next week, to elect Senator ingalls' successor, But three names have been put forward prominently, which are those of Senators. rominently, which are those of Senators

THE NATIONAL BANKS.

Washington, Feb. 18.—Heprmentative Sweet, of Idaho, introduced a resolution, the presmble of which sets forth that certhe presentile of which sets forth that cer-tain national banks is the country are re-fusing to loan money except upon con-tracts payable in gold, which course tends to discredit the currency of the country, whether based upon gold or silver. The resolution therefore provides that any na-tional bank attempting to degrade the currency of the country by demanding other than lawful money shall furfit its other than lawful money shall forfeit its

WARNINGTOF, Feb. 18.—Speaker Reed is confined to his rooms at his hotel by a severe cold, which, however, shows signs of improvement today. For this reason the house has been compelled to elect a

Washington, Feb. 18.—The president and all the members of his calunet, and Acting Secretary Netileton, as the representative of the treasury department, left this afternoon at 2500 y clock in a special train on the Pennsylvania for New York to attend Gen. Sherman's fuseral tomorrow. Mrs Bisine and Mrs Damrosch will be the only ladies in the party. be the only ladies in the party,

GIBSON'S BAIL

CHICAGO, Feb. 18.—Ex-Secretary Gibson gave \$35,000 bail this morning in Judge Shenard's court for his appearance.